

T2 311882 rev.A 2:1 Ratio Transfer Pump

For use with polyurethane foam, polyurea, and similar non-flammable materials. Not for use in explosive atmospheres.

Model 295616

180 psi (1.2 MPa, 12 bar) Maximum Air Working Pressure 405 psi (2.7 MPa, 27 bar) Maximum Fluid Working Pressure



Important Safety Instructions

Read all warnings and instructions in this manual. Save these instructions.



ti9889a

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Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbol refers to procedure-specific risk. Refer back to these warnings. Additional, product-specific warnings may be found throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

MARNING



TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD

Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed.



- Read MSDS's to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using.
- Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines.
- Always wear impervious gloves when spraying or cleaning equipment.



PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

You must wear appropriate protective equipment when operating, servicing, or when in the operating area of the equipment to help protect you from serious injury, including eye injury, inhalation of toxic fumes, burns, and hearing loss. This equipment includes but is not limited to:

- Protective eyewear
- Clothing and respirator as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer
- Gloves
- Hearing protection

WARNING



EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD

Misuse can cause death or serious injury.

- Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals.
- Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information about your material, request MSDS forms from distributor or retailer.
- Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only.
- Do not alter or modify equipment.
- Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information.
- Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces.
- Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment.
- Keep children and animals away from work area.
- Comply with all applicable safety regulations.



PRESSURIZED EQUIPMENT HAZARD

Fluid from the gun/dispense valve, leaks, or ruptured components can splash in the eyes or on skin and cause serious injury.

- Follow Pressure Relief Procedure in this manual, when you stop spraying and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.
- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.
- Check hoses, tubes, and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately.



MOVING PARTS HAZARD

Moving parts can pinch or amputate fingers and other body parts.

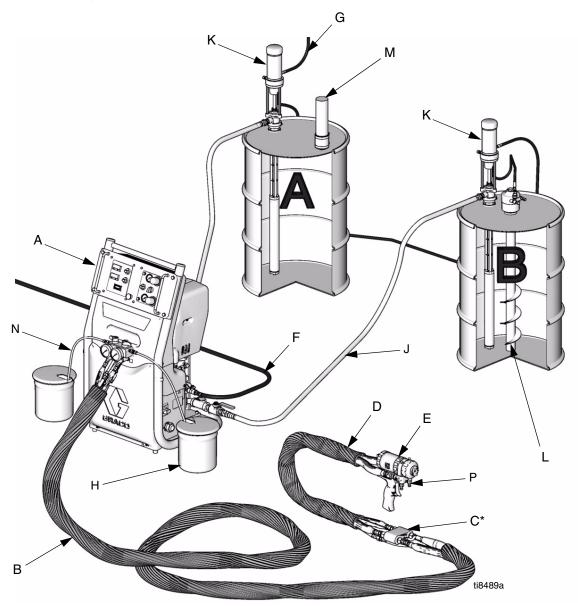
- Keep clear of moving parts.
- Do not operate equipment with protective guards or covers removed.
- Pressurized equipment can start without warning. Before checking, moving, or servicing equipment, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure in this manual. Disconnect power or air supply.

Typical Installation

Typical Installation, without Circulation

Key for Fig. 1

- A Reactor Proportioner
- B Heated Hose
- C Fluid Temperature Sensor (FTS)
- D Heated Whip Hose
- E Fusion Spray Gun
- F Proportioner and Gun Air Supply Hose
- G Feed Pump Air Supply Lines (3/8 in. (76 mm) ID min.
- H Waste Containers
- J Fluid Supply Lines (217382)
- K Feed Pumps
- L Agitator
- M Desiccant Dryer
- N Bleed Lines/Over Pressure Relief
- P Gun Fluid Manifold



* Shown exposed for clarity. Wrap with tape during operation.

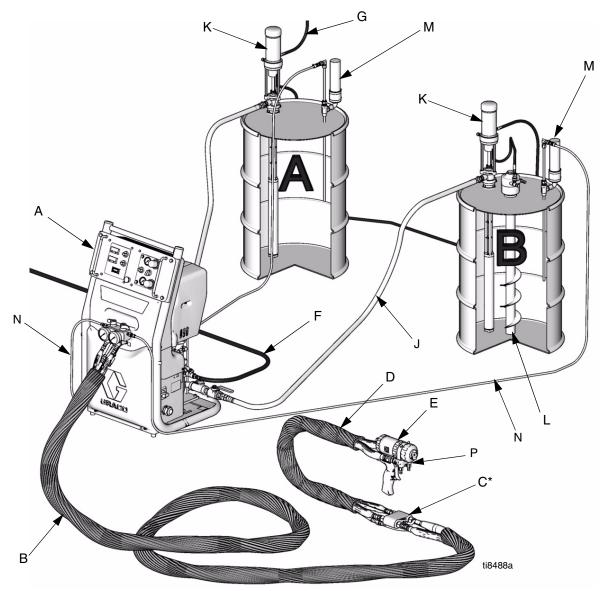
Fig. 1: Typical Installation, without Circulation

Typical Installation, with Circulation

Key for Fig. 2

- A Reactor Proportioner
- B Heated Hose
- C Fluid Temperature Sensor (FTS)
- D Heated Whip Hose
- E Fusion Spray Gun
- F Proportioner and Gun Air Supply Hose

- G Feed Pump Air Supply Lines (3/8 in. (76 mm) ID min)
- J Fluid Supply Lines
- K Feed Pumps
- L Agitator
- M Desiccant Dryer
- N Recirculation/Over Pressure Relief Return Hoses
- P Gun Fluid Manifold



* Shown exposed for clarity. Wrap with tape during operation.

Fig. 2: Typical Installation, with Circulation

Typical Installation for Lubrication Applications

Key for Fig. 3

- A Pump Air Regulator
- B Air Line Lubricator
- C Air Line Filter
- D Bleed-Type Master Air Valve (required, for pump)
- E Fluid Drain Valve (required)
- F Bung Adapter

- G Grounded Air Hose
- H Grounded Fluid Hose
- J Pump Fluid Inlet
- K 1/4 npt(f) Pump Air Inlet
- L 1/2 npt(f) Pump Fluid Outlet

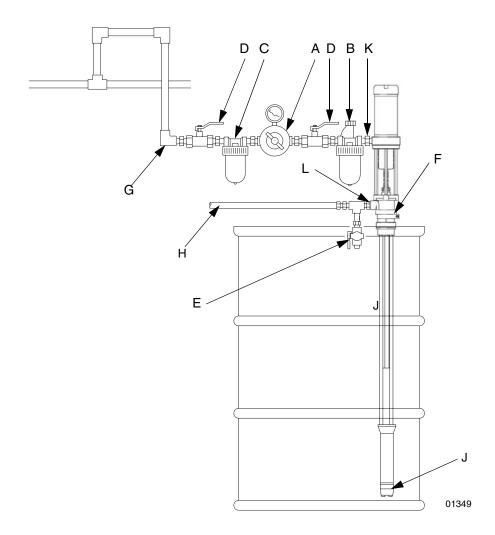


Fig. 3: Typical Installation for Lubrication Applications

Moisture Sensitivity of Isocyanates

Isocyanates (ISO) are catalysts used in two component foam and polyurea coatings. ISO will react with moisture (such as humidity) to form small, hard, abrasive crystals, which become suspended in the fluid. Eventually a film will form on the surface and the ISO will begin to gel, increasing in viscosity. If used, this partially cured ISO will reduce performance and the life of all wetted parts.



The amount of film formation and rate of crystallization varies depending on the blend of ISO, the humidity, and the temperature.

To prevent exposing ISO to moisture:

- Always use a sealed container with a desiccant dryer in the vent, or a nitrogen atmosphere. Never store ISO in an open container.
- Use moisture-proof hoses specifically designed for ISO, such as those supplied with your system.
- Never use reclaimed solvents, which may contain moisture. Always keep solvent containers closed when not in use.
- Never use solvent on one side if it has been contaminated from the other side.
- Always lubricate threaded parts with Part 217374 ISO pump oil or grease when reassembling.

Isocyanate Hazard









Read material manufacturer's warnings and material MSDS to know the specific hazards of isocyanates. Use equipment in a well-ventilated area. Wear respirator, gloves, and protective clothing when using isocyanates.

Foam Self-Ignition





Some materials may become self-igniting if applied too thick. Read material manufacturer's warnings and material MSDS.

Keep Components A and B Separate

CAUTION

To prevent cross-contamination of the equipment's wetted parts, **never** interchange component A (isocyanate) and component B (resin) parts.

Changing Materials

- When changing materials, flush the equipment multiple times to ensure it is thoroughly clean.
- Check with your material manufacturer for chemical compatibility.
- Most materials use ISO on the A side, but some use ISO on the B side.
- Epoxies often have amines on the B (hardener) side. Polyureas often have amines on the B (resin) side.

Setup

 Apply thread sealant to the male threads of the air needle valve (48) and the quick disconnect fitting (49) and install. See Fig. 4

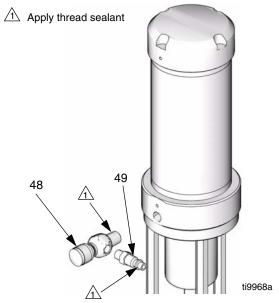
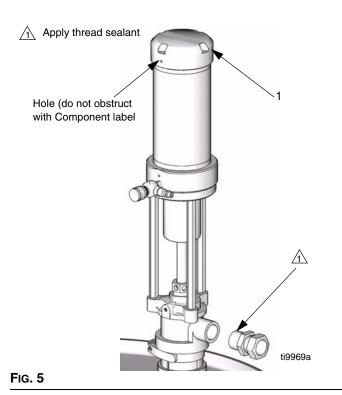


Fig. 4

2. Apply thread sealant to the male outlet fitting (not supplied) and insert into the outlet port. See Fig. 5.



3. When applying component labels (70) to pump cap (1) make sure you do not cover the hole in the cap. Use the "A" label for the ISO pump and the "B" label for the resin pump. See Fig. 5 and Fig. 6.

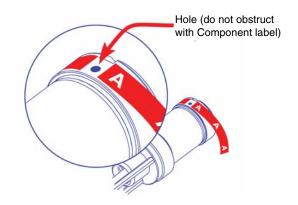


Fig. 6

4. Lubricate the bung adapter inside diameter and mounting threads. Ensure the gasket is in place and screw the bung adapter (51) securely into the bunghole of the drum. Insert the pump through the adapter and lock it in place. See Fig. 7.

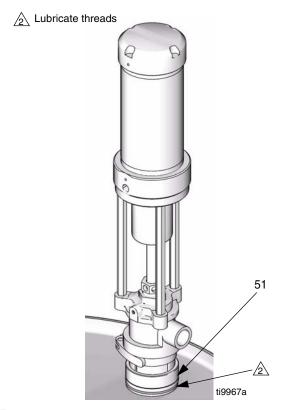


Fig. 7

5. Install air line (3/8 in. (76 mm) ID minimum) with quick disconnect air coupler (52) provided. See Fig. 8.

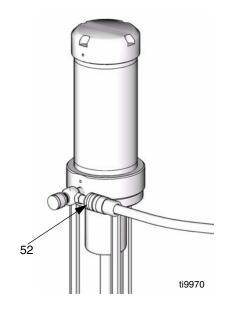
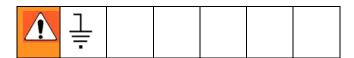


Fig. 8

Grounding the System



To reduce the risk of static sparking, ground the pump and all other equipment used or located in the pumping area. Check your local electrical code for detailed grounding instructions for your area and type of equipment. *Ground all of this equipment.*

 Pump: Connect Ground Wire (Y) to grounding screw (72) and tighten the screw securely. See Fig. 9.
 Connect the other end of the wire to a true earth ground. Make certain to comply with all National, State, and Local Electrical Codes.

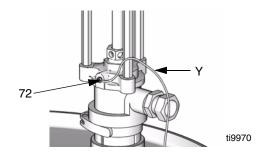


Fig. 9

- 2. *Air compressor*: according to manufacturer's recommendations.
- Fluid hoses: use only grounded hoses with a maximum of 500 ft (150 m) combined hose length to
 ensure grounding continuity. Refer to Hose Grounding Continuity.
- 4. *Dispensing valve:* grounding is obtained through connection to a properly grounded fluid hose and pump.
- 5. Object being sprayed: according to local code.
- 6. Fluid supply container: according to local code.
- All solvent pails used when flushing, according to local code. Use only metal pails, which are conductive. Do not place the pail on a non-conductive surface, such as paper or cardboard, which interrupts the grounding continuity.
- 8. To maintain grounding continuity when flushing or relieving pressure, always hold a metal part of the spray gun/dispensing valve firmly to the side of a grounded *metal* pail, then trigger the gun/valve.

Operation

Pressure Relief Procedure





Trapped air can cause the pump to cycle unexpectedly, which could result in serious injury from splashing or moving parts.

- Engage trigger lock.
- 2. Close the bleed-type master air valve.
- 3. Disengage the trigger lock.
- Hold a metal part of the dispense valve firmly to a grounded metal pail. Trigger the valve to relieve pressure.
- 5. Engage the trigger lock.
- Open all fluid drain valves in the system, having a waste container ready to catch drainage. Leave drain valve(s) open until you are ready to dispense again.
- 7. If you suspect the nozzle or hose is clogged or that pressure has not been fully relieved after following the steps above, VERY SLOWLY loosen the hose end coupling to relieve pressure gradually, then loosen completely. Clear hose or nozzle obstruction.

Flushing









Trapped air can cause the pump to cycle unexpectedly, which could result in serious injury from splashing or moving parts.



- Flush at the lowest pressure possible. Check connectors for leaks and tighten as necessary.
- Flush with a fluid that is compatible with the fluid being dispensed and the equipment wetted parts.

- 1. Follow Pressure Relief Procedure, page 10.
- 2. Place suction tube in grounded metal pail containing cleaning fluid.
- 3. Set pump to lowest possible fluid pressure, and start pump.
- Hold a metal part of the dispense valve firmly to a grounded metal pail. Trigger the dispense valve until clean solvent dispenses.
- Remove valve from hose.
- 6. Follow **Pressure Relief Procedure**, and remove fluid filter and soak in solvent. Replace filter cap.

Daily Startup

- 1. Verify that the air needle valve is closed.
- 2. Connect the air line quick disconnect coupler to the transfer pump
- 3. Turn on the main air supply.
- 4. Slowly open the air needle valve until the transfer pump runs slowly.
- 5. Use the air needle valve to control the pump speed.

Caution

Never allow the pump to run dry of the fluid being pumped. A dry pump will quickly accelerate to a high speed and could cause personal injury and/or damage to the pump. If the pump accelerates quickly or starts running too fast, stop it immediately and check the fluid supply. If the supply container is empty or air has been pumped into the lines, refill the container and prime the pump and the lines with fluid, or flush and leave it filled with a compatible solvent. Be sure to eliminate all air from the fluid system.

Do not attempt to operate pump unless it is securely mounted in a drum.

Daily Shutdown

- 1. Disconnect air line coupler.
- 2. When air pressure is bled off, close the air line needle valve.

Air Motor Repair

 Remove cap (1), cylinder (4), and square gaskets (3*). Inspect all parts, including spring under cap (not shown in Fig. 10) for damage and replace if necessary. See Fig. 10.

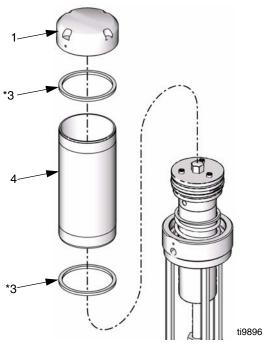


FIG. 10

2. Remove set screw (18) and remove air piston head (5). See Fig. 11.

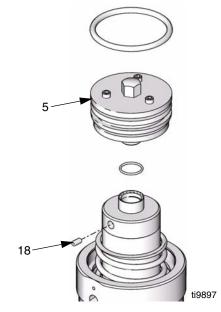


FIG. 11

3. Remove 3 screws (16) from top of air piston. Remove valve disk (8) and spacers (11). Remove washer from valve disk. Inspect all parts for damage. See Fig. 12.

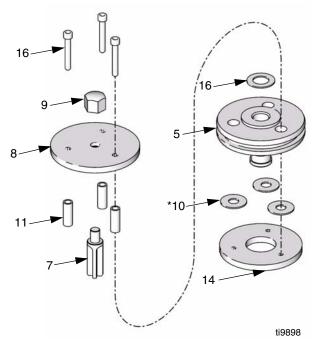


FIG. 12

4. Unscrew piston cap (17) and separate from piston (21) to expose dowel pin (19). See Fig. 13.

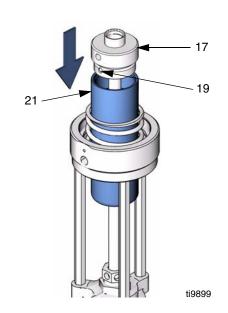


FIG. 13

5. Remove dowel pin (19) and take piston cap (17) off transfer shaft (20). Remove o-ring (13*) from piston cap. Inspect all parts for damage. See Fig. 14.

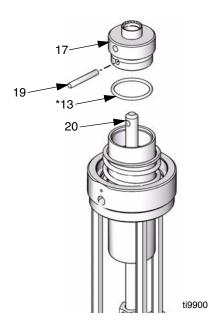


Fig. 14

 Slide air piston (21) out the top of the air motor base (23). Remove o-ring (3*) from air motor base.
 Inspect all parts, including the spring (22) in the air motor base, for damage. See Fig. 15.

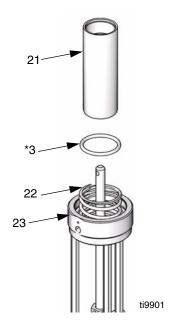


FIG. 15

Pump Lower Repair

 Use a strap wrench at the point indicated in Fig. 16, and a wrench on the flats of the foot valve (45) to remove the foot valve from the suction tube (44). Remove snap ring (47), retaining clip (46), ball (71), and o-ring (38*) from foot valve (45). Inspect all parts for damage. See Fig. 16.

When removing the suction tube, be very careful not to bend, dent, or damage it.

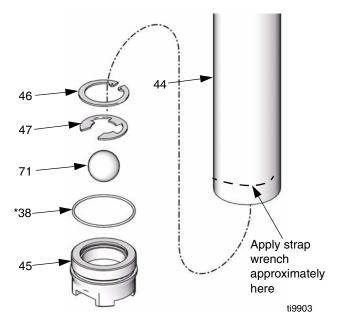
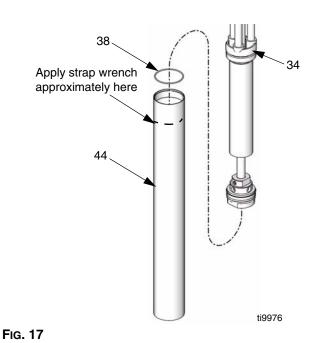


FIG. 16

 Use a strap wrench at the point indicated in Fig. 17, remove suction tube (44) from pump body (34). Inspect o-ring (38) on pump body and suction tube for damage. See Fig. 17.



3. Pull transfer shaft (20) out the bottom of pump body (34). See Fig. 18.

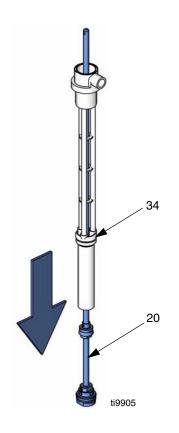


FIG. 18

4. Remove spring pin (56). Remove piston valve (43). Unscrew piston valve (43) from piston housing (53). Remove wear ring (41*), u-cup (40*) and ball (42). Inspect all parts for damage. See Fig. 19.

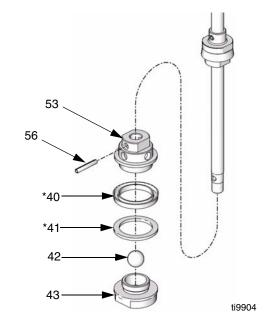


FIG. 19

5. Remove spring pin (55) and slide upper fluid piston (54) down and off the transfer shaft (20). See Fig. 20.

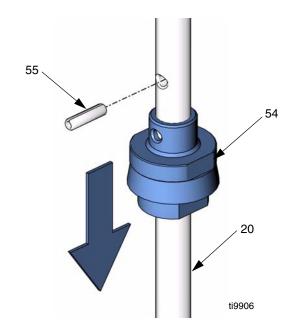


FIG. 20

Remove set screw (37) from collar (36). Remove collar from piston housing (54). Remove u-cup (35*). Remove o-ring (57) from ID of piston housing. Inspect all parts for damage. See Fig. 21.

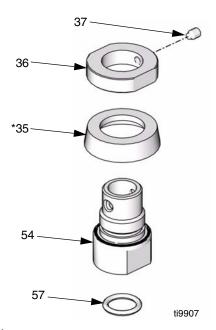
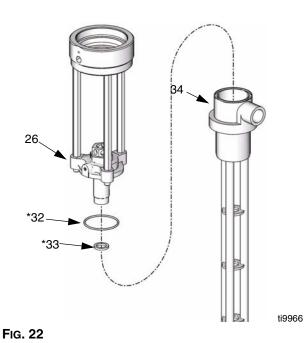


Fig. 21

7. Remove mounting flange (26) from pump body (34). Remove o-ring (32*) and PTFE gasket (33*) from pump body (34). Inspect all parts for damage. See Fig. 22.



8. Remove hex nut (27) from mounting flange (26). Remove female gland (30*), 2 PTFE packings (29*), male gland (28*) and wiper (31*). Inspect all parts for damage. See Fig. 23.

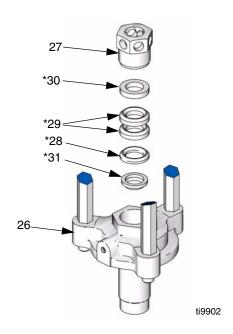


FIG. 23

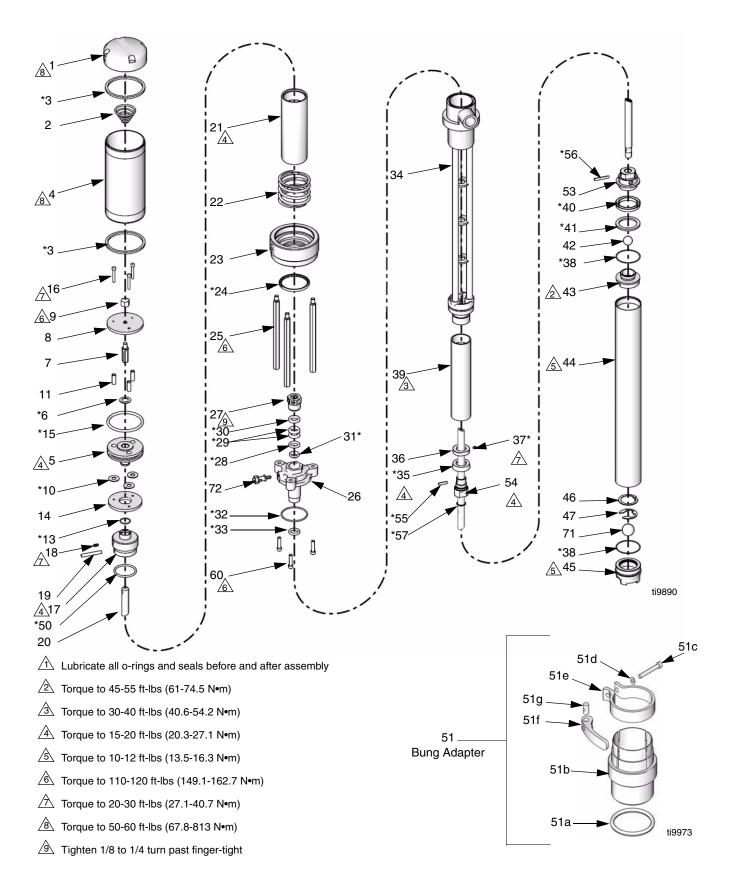
Reassembly

To reassemble the pump lower and air motor, reverse the steps on the preceding pages. Follow the torque requirements listed in the **Parts** drawing on page 16.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
The pump fails to operate	Dirty or worn air motor.	Clean, service
	Inadequate air supply or restricted lines.	Clean lines or increase the air supply (see Technical Data).
	Closed or clogged air valves.	Open or clear the valves.
	Clogged fluid hose or valve.	Clear the hose or valves
	Worn or damaged valves or seals.	Service the valves or seals.
The pump operates, but the output is	Clogged fluid hose or valve.	Clear the hose or valves.
low on both strokes.	Exhausted fluid supply.	Refill the fluid supply and reprime the pump.
	Worn or damaged valves or seals.	Service the valves or seals.
The pump operates, but the output is	Held open or worn intake valve.	Clear or service the valve.
low on the downstroke.	Worn or damaged valves or seals.	Service the valves or seals.
The pump operates, but the output is	Held open or worn piston valve.	Clear or service the valve.
low on the upstroke.	Worn or damaged valves or seals.	Service the valves or seals.
Erratic or accelerated operation.	Exhausted fluid supply.	Refill the fluid supply and reprime the pump.
	Broken air motor compression spring.	Replace the spring.
Pump slowly moves after fluid shutoff in downstroke.	Clogged or dirty intake valve check ball.	Clean ball and seat.
	Worn or damaged valves or seats.	Install repair kit.
Pump slowly moves after fluid shutoff in upstroke.	Clogged or dirty lower piston ball or seat.	Clean ball and seat.
	Worn or damaged valves or seats.	Install repair kit.

Parts

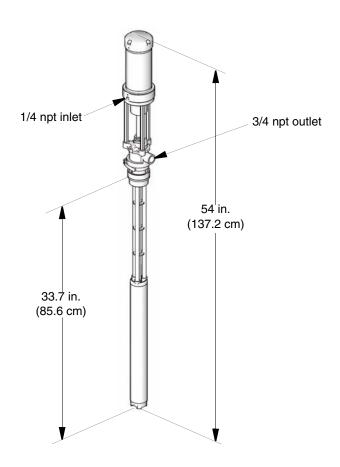


Ref	Part	Description	Qty	Ref	Part	Description	Qty
			-	51e		CLAMP, hopper	1
1 2		CAP, air cylinder SPRING, tapered	1 1	51f		HANDLE, hopper clamp	i
2 3*	137030	PACKING, square	2	51g		PIN, pivot, hopper clamp	1
4	15,1537	CYLINDER, air motor	1	52†		COUPLER, air line	1
5		HEAD, air piston	i	53		HOUSING, piston	1
6*	100000	GASKET, upper	1	54	15J571		1
7	15,1540	GUIDE, valve	i	55*		PIN, straight, 3/16 x 3/4	1
8		DISK, valve	i 1	56*		PIN, straight, 3/16 x 1 1/4	1
9		CAP, valve guide	1	57*		O-RING	1
10*	1000-12	GASKET, lower	3	60	120348	SCREW, cap, socket head	3
11	15.1544	SPACER, disk	3			1/4-20 x 1 in. (25 mm)	
13*	100011	O-RING	1	69†	15H197	TOOL, spanner wrench	2
14	15,1546	DISK, air piston	i 1	70†	15K008	LABEL, material identification.	1
15*	100010	O-RING	i 1	71		BALL, intake, sst, 1 in. (25 mm)	1
16	188005	SCREW, cap, socket head,	3	72	116343	SCREW, ground	1
.0	100000	10-32 x 1 3/8 in. (35mm)	Ü			ed in repair kit 258003 (not sold sep	a-
17	15.1547	CAP, air piston	1		tely).		
18		SCREW, set, socket head,	1			arts not shown, 48, 49, 52, 69, 70	
10	102007	10-32 x 3/8 in. (10 mm)	Ī		shipped lo		
19	15 15 10	PIN, dowel	1	(-	sinpped io	036)	
20		SHAFT, transfer	1				
21			1				
22		PISTON, air	1				
23		SPRING, compression BASE, air motor	1				
23 24*	100002		1				
	15 1550	O-RING ROD, tie	3				
25			ى 1				
26 27		FLANGE, mounting	1				
21 28*	150555	NUT, hex	1				
20 29*		GLAND, packing, (male) V-PACKING, PTFE	2				
29 30*		GLAND, packing, (female)	1				
31*		WIPER, ROD	1				
32*		O-RING, PTFE, encapsulated	1				
33*		GASKET, PTFE	1				
34	288330	BODY, pump, 2:1	1				
35*	200000	PACKING, piston cup	1				
36	15,1563	COLLAR, retaining	i				
37		SCREW, set, socket head,	i				
37	101134	10-32 x .25 in. (6 mm)	'				
38*		O-RING	2				
39	15 1564	CYLINDER, pressure pump	1				
40*	130304	PACKING, u-cup, PTFE	i				
41*		RING, wear	1				
42	103462	BALL, outlet, sst, 3/4 in. (19 mm)	1				
43		VALVE, piston	1				
44		TUBE, suction	1				
45	15J569		1				
46		RING, retaining, internal	1				
47		RING, snap, e series	i				
48†		VALVE, needle	1				
49†		FITTING, air line	1				
50*	. 55555	O-RING	1				
51	253146	ADAPTER, bung	1				
٠.	_001.0	(includes 51a-51g)	•				
51a	120008	O-RING, fluoroelastomer	1				
51b		ADAPTER	1				
51c		SCREW, cap socket head	i				
51d		WASHER, flat	i				
J.u		ioi in i ji nat	'				

Technical Data

Pressure Ratio	2.25:1
Max fluid working pressure	405 psi (2.8 MPa, 28 bar)
Maximum Air inlet pressure	180 psi (1.2 MPa, 12 bar)
Max Output Flow (continuous)	5.0 GPM (20 lpm)
Max Output Flow (intermittent	7.5 GPM (28 lpm)
Pump cycles per 1 gallon (3.8 liters)	15.9
Maximum recommended pump speed for continuous	100 cycles per min (150 cycles per min intermittent)
operation	
Gallons (liters) per pump cycle	0.063 (.24)
Air consumption	
Maximum Ambient temperature	· · · ·
Maximum Fluid Temperature	190° F (88° C)
Maximum operating temperature of fluid pump	` ,
	only (runaway)
Maximum operating temperature of air motor	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	only (runaway)
Wetted parts	
Air Inlet Port	,
Fluid Outlet Port	,
Weight	
Sound Pressure	
Sound Power, per ISO 9614-2	96.8 dB(A) at 80 psi (.55 MPa, 5.5 bar)

Dimensions



Performance Chart

Calculate Fluid Outlet Pressure (black curves)

To calculate fluid outlet pressure (MPa/bar/psi) at a specific fluid flow (lpm/gpm) and operating air pressure (MPa/bar/psi), use the following instructions and pump data chart.

- 1. Locate desired flow along bottom of chart.
- 2. Follow vertical line up to intersection with selected fluid outlet pressure curve (black). Follow left to scale to read fluid outlet pressure.

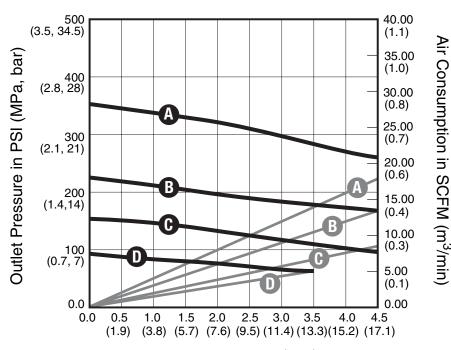
Calculate Pump Air Consumption (gray curves)

To calculate pump air consumption (m³/min or scfm) at at a specific fluid flow (lpm/gpm) and air pressure (MPa/bar/psi), use the following instructions and pump data chart.

- 1. Locate desired flow along bottom of chart.
- 2. Follow vertical line up to intersection with selected air consumption curve (gray). Follow right to scale to read air consumption.

Key: Air Pressure

- A 180 psi (1.2 MPa, 12.4 bar)
- B 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar)
- C 70 psi (0.5 MPa, 7.8 bar)
- D 40 psi (0.3 MPa, 2.8 bar)



Fluid Flow in gpm (lpm)

Graco Standard Warranty

Graco warrants all equipment referenced in this document which is manufactured by Graco and bearing its name to be free from defects in material and workmanship on the date of sale to the original purchaser for use. With the exception of any special, extended, or limited warranty published by Graco, Graco will, for a period of twelve months from the date of sale, repair or replace any part of the equipment determined by Graco to be defective. This warranty applies only when the equipment is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with Graco's written recommendations.

This warranty does not cover, and Graco shall not be liable for general wear and tear, or any malfunction, damage or wear caused by faulty installation, misapplication, abrasion, corrosion, inadequate or improper maintenance, negligence, accident, tampering, or substitution of non-Graco component parts. Nor shall Graco be liable for malfunction, damage or wear caused by the incompatibility of Graco equipment with structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco, or the improper design, manufacture, installation, operation or maintenance of structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco.

This warranty is conditioned upon the prepaid return of the equipment claimed to be defective to an authorized Graco distributor for verification of the claimed defect. If the claimed defect is verified, Graco will repair or replace free of charge any defective parts. The equipment will be returned to the original purchaser transportation prepaid. If inspection of the equipment does not disclose any defect in material or workmanship, repairs will be made at a reasonable charge, which charges may include the costs of parts, labor, and transportation.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE, AND IS IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

Graco's sole obligation and buyer's sole remedy for any breach of warranty shall be as set forth above. The buyer agrees that no other remedy (including, but not limited to, incidental or consequential damages for lost profits, lost sales, injury to person or property, or any other incidental or consequential loss) shall be available. Any action for breach of warranty must be brought within two (2) years of the date of sale.

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In no event will Graco be liable for indirect, incidental, special or consequential damages resulting from Graco supplying equipment hereunder, or the furnishing, performance, or use of any products or other goods sold hereto, whether due to a breach of contract, breach of warranty, the negligence of Graco, or otherwise.

FOR GRACO CANADA CUSTOMERS

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Graco Information

TO PLACE AN ORDER, contact your Graco distributor or call to identify the nearest distributor.

Phone: 612-623-6921 or Toll Free: 1-800-328-0211 Fax: 612-378-3505

All written and visual data contained in this document reflects the latest product information available at the time of publication.

Graco reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice.

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